ACCOUNT

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PROCEEDINGS

AT THE LATE

ELECTION

FOR THE

CITY and LIBERTY of WESTMINSTER.

Containing,

A complete Collection of the Papers, Letters, &c. &c. printed on both Sides, during the faid Election.

PUBLISHED BY PERMISSION.

LONDON:

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PREFACE to the READER.

MONG the many inestimable A Privileges which the People of this Nation enjoy beyond any other under Heaven, that of chusing their own Representatives in Parliament, is none of the least, but this Happiness, great as it is, like other Blessings, is often perverted to the worst of Purposes, Heats and Animosities, ever destructive to the public Good, then generally arise to the greatest Height between the contending Parties, personal Reflections, and the bitterest Invectives are cast at each other, each Man imagining be then does his own Cause most Service when most he vilifies his Opponents; a more remarkable Instance of this scarce ever appear'd than in the late Westminster Election, between the Friends of the two worthy Candidates: The Patrons of one representing their Cause as the Cause of Liberty it/elf, not only as a mere Contest on whom the Choice of Election should fall, VariA et prevalebit. fly angeld but

but as a Matter of the utmost Importance, wherein their Rights, their All was at Stake, declaring their Adversaries to be Encouragers of the French, a Parcel of abject Wretches, and Enemies of their Country: To this, the other Side reply'd, that nothing could be more abfurd than such filly idle Surmises, artfully calculated by designing Persons, with a particular View to enflame the Passions of Men, and impose on bonest Minds, especially the Common People who are easily led aside and bias'd: And as this produced a kind of Paper War, and Teveral curious Pieces were printed by ither Side, the collecting of these together, at least all worthy any Notice, vas imagined by several judicious Genlemen to be of no small Service to the Public, that after Passion was a little ool'd, and Prejudice in some Manner aid aside, every Man might judge for imself of the Truth or Falshood of that had been advanc'd by either Pary, still keeping in View this celebrated whom the Choice of Election the mixal

Magna est Veritas et prævalebit.



AN

AUTHENTIC ACCOUNT, &c.

matelial Legitor Visit to the

Nov. 16, 1749.

Yesterday the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Trentham kis'd his Majesty's Hand at St. James's, on his being appointed one of the Lords of the Admiralty. And at Noon his Lordship waited on the High Steward and Burgesses of the City and Liberty of Westminster, to desire their Votes and Interest, for his being re-elected a Member of the said City and Liberty.

To the Worthy Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Westminster.

H IS Majesty having been graciously pleased to appoint me one of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, by which my Seat in Parliament is vacated, and the Shortness of Time not permitting me to apply perfonally to you, I take this Method of entreating your Votes and Interest to be re-elected your Representative in Parliament, which will ever be acknowledged, by,

GENTLEMEN,

Your obliged humble Servant,

B TRENTHAM.

Nov. 17, 1749.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

Gentlemen,

YOU are defired to meet this Day, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, at the Crown and Anchor Tavern in the Strand, to nominate a proper Candidate to succeed Lord Trentham, who has accepted a Place.

Note. No French Strollers will be admitted.

To the Worthy Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Westminster.

A T a Meeting of a great Number of the Principal Inhabitants and Electors of the City and Liberty of Westminster, at the Crown and Anchor Tavern; it was unanimously agreed, to propose George Cooke, Esq; to be a Candidate at the ensuing Election of a Representative in Parliament for the said City and Liberty, in the Room of the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Trentham, who hath accepted of the Office of one of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain; your Votes and Interest are therefore desired for the said George Cooke, Esq; accordingly.

Nov. 17, 1749.

To the Worthy (not regarding the Unworthy)

B-s, E-rs, Inhabitants, and others,

of the City and Eiberties of Westminster,

These are,

YOUR Votes and Interest are desired, expected, and earnestly entreated, by Capt. Hercules Vinegar, against all Candidates, to represent you in Parliament, who practice the infamous manner of puffing

puffing, and soliciting for their Seats in Parliament, by Advertisements and News Puffs, after the Manner and Mode of the celebrated Doctor R-k. If you ask some old Latin School-master he will explain the Meaning of Ambire Magistratum: And how infamous the Romans held it, and how opposite to our Laws and Constitution it is, wherein Freedom of Election is so guarded with useful Statutes.

N. B. Speedily will be publish'd a diverting Epistle, from a Man in the Moon to London and Westminster. The Convention of the Estates of the

Moon, are ordered for December 25.

Likewise soon will be delivered to the Subscribers, the new Essay upon Speeches, printed at Grand Cairo, and translated from the old Egyptian Lingua into the modern, and most accurate French, as it is spoken at the C—rs in the Hay-Market

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

Gentlemen,

YOUR Votes, Interest, and Poll, if needful, are defired for

PETER WOOD,

To be your Representative in Parliament, having on every Occasion distinguished himself for the Service and Pleasure of the Public in General, and of this City in Particular.

** He hopes he has lately made manifest to the Whole World his particular Love of Justice; which must recommend him to every HONEST Man.

N. B.. Mr. WOOD defires the Worthy Electors to excuse his not making his Personal Application, A late Affair bindering him from it; but hopes they will take Notice, That he was no Way concern'd in the Vindication of the French Strollers.

posting, and folious

Nov. 20, 1749.

THE Worthy Electors of the City and Liberty of Westminster, are defired to meet this Day at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, at the Sun Tavern in King-Street, to appove of a proper Person to represent the said City and Liberty.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

Gentlemen, work sat al asid s. moil TPON my Return to Town this Day, I was greatly surprized to find my Letter of · Sunday last had not been communicated to the General Meeting at the Sun Tayern Yesterday. Morning; after the infinite Obligations I am under for the very great Honour done me, by fo confiderable a Number as appeared at the Crown and Anchor on Friday last, I must be thought the · most ungrateful of al! Men, not to have made my Acknowledgments, and express'd the just Sense I had of so extraordinary a Mark of their Good-will towards me. I have therefore taken the Freedom to make my Apology in this Mane ner; and at the same Time, communicate to you, the Letter itself which was sent from my House in the Country on Sunday Morning last by Eleven o'Clock, and was deliver'd to one of the Gentle-• men of the Committee before Four that fame Day; I have not feen the Gentlemen fince that, but I dare fay their great Zeal to serve me, was the only Reason why it was not produced, in hopes from s their fecond Meffage I should have been there in Person, who am,

Gentlemen,

Your most faithful and most obliged bumble Servant,

Lincoln's-Inn Fields, Turfday, Nov. 21, 1749. Mr. COOKE's Answer to the Gentlemen of the Committee from the Crown and Anchor Tavern.

Hartfield, Nov. 19, 1749.

Gentlemen.

I AM very forry that I was not at home, when you did me the Favour to call at my House.

s I am highly obliged to the Gentlemen who composed the Meeting on Friday last at the Crown and

· Anchor, and think myself highly henoured by the unanimous Approbation of so considerable a Body

of Worthy Electors.

I most fincerely wish my Situation would allow me to accept fo generous an Invitation, and fupport their Choice with a Spirit becoming the Con-

fidence placed in me: But as my Time is fo short,

and feveral of my Friends in the County are averse to my engaging in this, I hope the Gentlemen

will turn their Thoughts to some Person more wor-

thy their Attention, and more capable of ferving them. I rely on you, Gentleman, to express my

. Thanks in a fuitable Manner, and to beg their

excuse for not answering the Message sooner, be-' ing defirous to give it all the Confideration and

Deference possible; who am, with the truest Re-

gard, you mon

the Choice of a Man. GENTLEMEN, And HIW shoit

Your most faithful and obliged bumble Servant, per della stoda son so ; mi GEORGE COOKE.

To the Worthy Independent Electors of the City and Liberty of Westminster.

HE ever memorable and glorious Struggle we formerly made in Defence of our Libertics, and the good Success which hath constantly flowed from it ever fince, chiefly owing to our monthly monthly Commemoration of it, should excite in us the most vigorous and active Resolution of preserving the Name of Independents, by opposing at the ensuing Election a late Representative, merely because he shewed his Face one Night at the little Theatre in the Hay-Market. Let us rather appear active in Favour of one, who will have such a Regard to the Importance of us, his Constituents, as not to attempt to dare to partake of any Amusements or Diversions, but such we shall prescribe to him. This is the Man who will merit our Esteem; and this is the Man (if such a one will be a Candidate that I will vote for.

An Independent Elector.

St. Ann's, Nov. 20, 1749,

To the Free and Unbribed Electors of Westminster.
Gentlemen.

A S no less than the Freedom and Independency of this vast and oppulent City is now at Stake, in the Choice of a Member to represent you, it behoves you to guard against all Attacks of Power. in whatever Shape it may appear. Let no delufive Arts, no evalive Apologies, or fallacious Promises misguide you; keep the grand Point of Independency and Freedom still in View; be unanimous in the Choice of a Man, who free from any Connections with the known Invaders of your Liberties, or from any Attachments to those who have so often deceived you, is likely to answer the great Ends for which you elect him; be not above following the noble Precedent of the little Liberty of St. Martin's-le-Grand, who shaking off all Dependance on those who call themselves their Superiors, have exerted themselves with a becoming Spirit, and shew'd a proper Resentment at the insolent Use made of their Favours, by giving their unbought and unfollicited Votes in Favour of Freedom, Independency and Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT. Yours, An ELECTOR.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster:

Gentlemen,

7 Hereas a most scandalous and unprecedented Combination has been entered into by a Sett of Persons, who would call themselves Gentlemen. by amufing you, for Three Days together, in order to prevent you in your just Right, of electing a proper Person to represent you in Parliament, in the room of Lord Trentham, who has accepted of a Place: And whereas at this critical Juncture, the Worthy Sir George Vandeput, Bart. a Gentleman zealously affected to his Country and the present Establishment, and every Way qualified for so important a Truft, was fo kind (in order to prevent fo high an Indignity on fo confiderable a Body of Englishmen) to offer himself a Candidate, which was unanimously approved of by more than Two Thoufand of your Brethren then prefent, this, is therefore, to defire your Votes and Interest in Support of him, and your just Rights; which, if attended with the expected Success, will be the greatest Glory to this City and Liberty.

Yours.

Covent Garden, Nov. 21, 1749.

An Hundred Electors

N. B. A Proof of the above Combination is, that the equivocating Excuse for appearing in the Support of the French Strollers is left off, and you are laugh'd at in a cook'd up Advertisement in one of the daily Papers, signed, An Independent Elector.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster, Gentlemen, and Fellow Citizens,

BEING unanimously appoved of at a large Meeting of the Worthy Electors of this City,

as a Candidate to represent them in Parliament, in the Room of Lord Trentham, whose Seat is become vacant, I humbly beg the Favour of your Votes and Interest, assuring you I shall always discharge my Trust with Fidelity to you, and to the Laws and Liberties of England. I return you my hearty Thanks for your uncommon Zeal and Appearance for me this Morning, and am

Gentlemen,

Your most obliged bumble Servant,

Grofvenor Street, Nov. 22, 1749.

GEO. VANDEPUT.

Nov. 22, 1749.

Nine o'Clock, at which Time Sir George desires the Favour of his Friends to meet him at Covent Garden. And whereas a malicious Report has been spread that Sir George Vandeput will decline the Election, he affures his Friends he is determin'd to support it to the last.

Nov. 23, 1749.

A List of the Nobility and Gentry who polled on Wednesday Morning.

For Sir Geo. Vandeput.

Earl of Egmont,
Sir John Cust, Bart.
Geo. Clarges, Esq;
John Shuttleworth, Esq;
Edward Kynaston, Esq;
Geo. Cooke, Esq;
John Conyers,
William Northy,
Charles Soleirol,
John Davis.

For Lord Trentham.

Sir Hugh Smithson, Bart. George Payne, Esq;
Francis Vernon, Esq;
Thomas Lediard, Esq;
Thomas Salisbury,
Horatio Townsend,
Francis Hutchinson,
William Sharp,
John Davenport,
Francis Reynolds.

WHEREAS it has been maliciously reported, in order to impose upon the worthy Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Westminster, and to prejudice me in their Opinion at this Time, that I was active in the Disturbance at the French Playhouse last Tuesday sevennight; I do declare, upon my Honour, that I was neither in the Pit nor Gallery where the Disturbance happened during the Time of the Performance, nor drew my Sword, nor made use of any Weapon, either to strike or terrify any of the Spectators, nor was I even present at the first and chief Disturbance; nor have I been at any Representation at that Playhouse since the first Night of the Performance, as has been falsly suggested.

Grofvenor-Street, Nov. 23, 1749. TRENTHAM.

Hereas it has been maliciously reported; in order to impose on the Worthy inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Westminster, and to prejudice me in their Opinion at this Time, that I was active in the Proceedings against Bosavern Penlez, at the Old Baily last Sessions; I do declare, Upon my Honour, that I neither on the Bench nor in the Gallery, nor uttered my Evidence, or made use of any Perjury to condemn or hang any of the Prisoners; nor was I even present at the First and Chief Prosecution; nor have I been at any Trial in that Court since the First Day of the Sessions, as has been falsly suggested.

Temple-Bar, Nov. 24, 1746.

P-r W-d.

Whereas it has been maliciously reported, in order to impose upon my Countrywomen, and prejuce me in their Favour, that I was seen at the Hay-Market Theatre the Eirst Night of the

French Play, I fwear by my Beard, * that I was not there either that, or any other Night of their Performance

PEGGY W-N.

* See. As you Like it, AET I. Scene 2.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

Gentlemen,

INSTEAD of the Champion of, and Subscriber to, the French Strollers, your Vote and Interest is desired for

Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT, Bart.

Who was nominated to represent you in Parliament, with the unanimous Approbation of a great Number of the principal Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Westminster, at their last general Meeting, at the Sun Tavern in Westminster for that purpose; he being a Gentleman every way qualified for so important a Trust; a zealous Afferter of the British Liberties, and a Lover of his Country.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster

Offices were raked for Votes; that the Hustings (contrary to Custom) were filled with Voters on one Side who were smuggled thro' the Church; that there was a Mob arm'd with Bludgeons, hired to interrupt the Freedom of Election, the Captain of which, with Nineteen of his Brussers, were sent to the Roundhouse, yet upon casting up the Poll, there was only the inconsiderable Majority of 184, altho' at the closing of the Books more than 400 from

from one Parish only were ready to vote for Sir

George Vandeput.

All this confidered, the Friends of that Gentleman can not but have the most sanguine Hopes of a successful Issue, which Unanimity and Perseverance must certainly accomplish.

N. B. The Poll for Wager and Sundon in the Year 1741 stood on the First Day thus, 921, for the other Candidates only 400.

Nov. 24. 1724.

To the Worthy Electors of St. Clement's Danes, who are true Lovers of the good Laws and Liberties of Old England.

Y OU are defired to meet this Morning at Ten o'Clock at the Rose Tavern, Temple-Bar, to proceed from thence to Covent-Garden, and poll for

Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT, Bart.

To represent you in Parliament for the City and Liberty of Westminster in the room of Lord Trentham.

It's hoped the strongest Sollicitations of great Men in Power will no way influence your Votes in Favour of any other than the above Candidate, at the present Election, but treat them with the same Regard as was lately paid to your Petition, signed by near One thousand Inhabitants of this Parish.

An Inhabitant of

St. Clement's Danes,

St. Clement's Danes, Nov. 25, 1749. And no Encourager of French Vagabonds.

Nov. 23, 1749.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

Gentlemen,

AM so unfashionable as to think a faithful and able Discharge of a past Trust, is the best Recommendation, as well a Security for a future. This Principle, you must imagine, would certainly have biass'd me in Favour of our late noble Representative, whose juvenile Judgment,-Family Independence, - and unutterable Elocution,have fo eminently distinguish'd him upon all Occasions, where the particular Interests of his Constituents, or general Welfare of his Country, have demanded his Affiftance. But however, his extraordinary Virtues and Talents might have engaged me, in a late Affair, I must confess, has somewhat abated my Zeal in his Service: -----for, being the other Evening at the French Theatre, who should I see at the Head of a Mob of foreign Valet Cooks, &c. fignalizing himself, in a laudable Attack upon his fellow Citizens, but this very young Man, whom they had fo lately made Choice of, as the Defender of their Rights and Privileges. I was indeed amazed to fee (at fo critical a Conjuncture) that Sword, which had hitherto kept peaceful Possession of its Scabbard, brandishing over the Heads, and planted at the Hearts of feveral of his own Electors; and that, in Support of a Parcel of foreign Vagabonds, who, from their being a Nusance in their own Nation, are now come to be the Disgrace of ours -Certain I am this Fit of gallic Valour could never be communicated by the Touch of that Royal British Hand, he had but that very Morning kiss'd for his Employment. Perhaps, an impatient Defire to prove himself qualified for the warlike Board, to which

he was appointed, might induce him to seize the first Opportunity of displaying his Prowess; being willing to convince the Public, that how so ever deficient the Sea may have been, the Land is, at least, able to produce a Fighting Admiral: However, I cannot help concluding him, a very unsit Person to defend me against the French in one House, who is ready to cut my Throat for them in Amother,

I am,

Gentlemen,

Yours

An ELECTOR,

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

Query I. W Hether it is to be conceived, that after Lord Trentham has pawn'd his Honour, that he was in no Shape concerned in the Riot at the French Playhouse, any of the Electors can still continue to believe the vile Aspersions

thrown out against him?

Query II. Whether the Person who proposed to the worthy Electors Sir George Vandeput for a Candidate, was not himself at the French Playhouse on the first Night of the Representation, and was not a Witness (as he has confess'd himself to Persons of Credit) that Lord Trentham was no way concerned in the Riot?

Query III. Whether a Person of immediate soreign Extraction can be reasonably supposed, by the worthy Inhabitants of Westminster, to be a properer Guardian of the Laws and Liberties of England, than the noble Lord who now offers himself for your Representative, and whom you have hereto-

fore honoured with that Trust?

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

Query 1. WHether, upon your late Representative's Resignation of the Trust you had repos'd in him, he ought not to have taken the Opinion of a general Meeting, if thought a proper Person for your suture Considence.

2. Whether his nominating himself a Candidate without such Opinion, does not imply a sovereign Sufficiency in himself as well as Contempt of his

Electors.

3. Whether, from his Behaviour, it may not fairly be infer'd; that he thinks, the Admiral can command, what the Lord formerly condescended to solicit.

4. Whether a Place is such an Ingredient in a a Member of Parliament, as is likely to render him of more constitutional Service to his Country

or Constituents.

g. Whether, by the suddenness of the Election, it was not intended (according to some rare political Practices) to smuggle a Member upon this City.

6, Whether, if a Representative thinks proper to vacuate his Seat without your Consent, it may not be prudent to fill it up again without His.

Ten Queries submitted to every Sober, Honest, and Disinterested Elector for the City and Liberty of Westminster.

Query, I. W HO is Sir George Vandeput?

2. Whether every Person who voted for Lord Trentham at the Election, and should now reject him, and give his Vote for Sir George Vandeput, without knowing who or what the

the Person is for whom he votes, can reconcile such a Conduct to his own Understanding, without imputing some Crime to the noble Lord?

one Night at a French Comedy, is any Crime at all: Much less a Crime which deserves so severe a Punishment as to be rejected by this great City and Liberty; especially in favour of a Candidate very little known to the Electors, a Circumstance which must greatly aggravate the Disgrace, and which must cast some Imputation of guilt on the noble Lord's Character?

4. Whether it is not plain, from what Quarter this Opposition arises; namely, from those Enemies to the present Government, who watch every Occasion to embroil the public Peace: to sow the Seeds of Discontent and Disaffection; to inflame the Minds of the People, and to blow up the yet warm Coals of Sedition and Rebellion in this Kingdom?

5. Whether any Thing baser was ever attempted, than to misrepresent a quiet Spectator in a Playhouse, as one who joined in a Riot, drew his Sword, and assailed and wounded a naked Man?

6. Whether there are not at present, as is universally known, a great Number of Jesuits and other popish Priests scattered about this Town in various Disguises? And whether the spreading such wicked Falshoods as these is not an Art which smells very strong of jesuitical Crast and Policy?

7. Whether it is possible to devise a greater Affront to the Understandings of the Electors of Westminster, than to expect that such a simple Matter as the real naked Fact is, could instant the Minds of a sensible, a sober, and a good-natured People; and could induce them to offer so cruel an Affront to the Person and Character of a young

truly

and Fortune, and of the most unblemished Honour?

8: Whether every Man of common Honesty will not detect the Falshood contained in the fifth Query? Whether every Man of common Sense will not suspect the Fraud mentioned in the Sixth? And whether every Elector of common Spirit will not resent the Affront offered in the seventh?

o. Whether every worthy Elector who hath no particular Connection with Sir George Vandeput, will

not give his Vote for my Lord Trentham?

Last Query, Whether in that Case, the Englishman with the Dutch Name, can procure a hundred Voices in this populous City?

Plain Truths in Answer to false Aspersions contain'd in ten Queries Yesterday.

SIR George Vandeput is descended from an antient and wealthy Family of the Netherlands, who about Two hundred Years ago were obliged to leave their Country for their steady Support of the Protestant Religion against Popery and Arbitrary Power; and at the Beginning of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, took Resuge in England, bringing with them a considerable Fortune.

Sir Peter Vandeput, Grandfather to the present Sir George, was Sheriff of London in the Reign of King James II. his Memory will be for ever dear to all true Lovers of Liberty, for the firm and glorious Stand he then made in Support of our Constitution against the tyrannical Schemes of a

Popish and French Faction.

The present Sir George is a Gentleman who never once deviated from the Principles of his Ancestors.

As to the fourth Query—Ask Lord Trentham; Who had his Foot in the Stirrup in the Year 1715.

The Under-written is submitted to the serious Consideration of the Electors of Westminster.

" A MOREOVER, among the Presbyterians, "IVI lay concealed, a certain Sett of Men, s known afterwards by the Name of, Indepen-" dents, who held concerning Civil, as well as Ecclesiastical Government, uncommon Opinions, " which they took care not to explain, till they " found occasion to publish them: They were " contented for a Time to conceal themselves a-" mong the Presbyterians, in order, at a proper " time, to accomplish their Defigns more effectually. It was the particular Interest of these " Men fo to manage, that the government of the State should be changed, or rather overthrown, well-knowing their Party could never fublift. " but in Anarchy and Confusion. Rapin, Vol. II. s fol. 352.

"To execute their Designs, they had at first joined with the Presbyterians, on Pretence of establishing Presbyterianism; but in reality to descript their King. And when it was out of the King's Power to hurt them, they laboured to destroy the same Presbyterianism; for the Establishment of which, they had shewn more Zeal than the Presbyterians themselves. Such were the Views of the Independents. Rapin, Vol. II, fol. 546."

land Gentlement of monor of of . ball ever

THE above Quotations from an Author greatly esteem'd for his Disinterestedness and Impartiality, sufficiently prove, that the Principles of the Independents, Independents, have ever tended to introduce Anarchy and Confusion, and that to accomplish those Purposes, they have never scrupled to fall in with any Faction or Party, whose Assistance was necessary to perfect their Designs; and though the Independents of those Days might in some inessential Matters vary from those of the present stamp, yet, upon Enquiry, very little Difference will be sound between them.

You will therefore, I hope, now at this critical Conjuncture, e'er it be too late, exert yourselves so as to quash the present growing spirit of Jacobitism and Independency, and thereby save, these Kingdoms, from those great and worst scourges of providence,—Popery, the Inquisition, and Arbitrary Power.

The following Letters being found near the Piazza's Covent-garden, are thought worthy the Perusal of the Independent Electors of Westminster.

Grofvenor-Street, Nov. 26, 1749.

Most worthy Sir,

on Pretence of

done your Country on all Occasions, is still fresh in the Minds of every unseigned Lover of his Country; your Appearance in this noble and generous Cause, will damp the daring Attempts that are now made use of, to destroy the Liberties of the Free-born Englishmen: The Endeavours that I have used, to do honour to this providential Spirit that is shewn on this Occasion, has a little hurt my Health, but they shall find that my Spirit is not to be sull'd asleep by Fatigue, nor ever brought off from the Pursuit of that Example which

which Admiral Vernon has always given to the Honour of England, and Terror of our aspiring Enemies both at home and abroad.—They call me Jacobite, and declare my Support depends on that Faction; 'tis the fallacious Epithet that they stigmatize every honest Man with, that has Courage to oppose the pernicious Schemes of those in Power.-I thank my good Fortune that carried me to that noble Affembly, when I had the Honour to be propos'd, and unanimously approved to be the Supporter of their Rights and Liberties : which all the Battery of the Treasury, Navy, nor any Confideration shall ever make me deviate from .- I hope to be honoured with your Presence about Ten o'Clock-Excuse me if I beg you will come in your Chariot to the Front of the Huftings. and come forward and give your Voice, when you will give inexpressible Joy to all true Afferters of Liberty, and be a Means of lowering the Crefts of those, who from their long accustomed Proceedings, aspire to the Monopolizing all Power to themselves, to the inevitable Ruin and Destruction of their Country,

> I am SIR, Your most obliged, and obedient bumble Servant, G. VANDEPUT.

> > Westminster, Nov. 26th, at Night.

S 1 R,

HAVE just now the Favour of yours, and went up Yesterday with my Neighbour Mr. Curle, one of our Churchwardens, and one of the Overseers for this Parish, and some of our Neighbours, and polled for you from St. Margaret's Parish; and should any more of our Neighbours tender themselves to Poll for you, I will D 2

accompany them, and may then attend you for a

short Time on the Hustings as you desire.

And as I find you are descended from a Family that fled from Persecution, for Protection under our truly glorious British Queen Elizabeth; which Persecution brought us the Blessing of our Woollen Manusactury, I reverence the Memory of your Family.

And for the Patrons of French Strollers, a Nation who are now Undermining us in our Commerce, and endeavouring to deprive us of it; I heartily detest them, as I think every honest Briton ton should, that wishes for the Prosperity of his

Country.

I am SIR, Your most bumble Servant,

E. VERNON.

WILLIAM DAVISON, of the Parish of St. Lewrence, in the City of London, maketh Oath, That he, this Deponent, on the Seventeenth Day of November, Instant, being the Second Night of the French Strollers acting at the Theatre in the Hay-Market, was at the Sign of the Globe, a Publick House, opposite the King's Arms Tavern in Pall-Mall, about Nine of the Clock that Night, where this Deponent saw John Haines, one of the Waiters at the faid Tavern, and feveral other Perfons, to the Number of Sixteen, dreffed like Chairmen, each of which had a great Bludgeon in his Hand, which he put under his Coat, in order to hide the same, but in such a Manner as this Deponent was capable of feeing the faid Bludgeons; and this Deponent enquiring the Occasion thereof, was informed by feveral Persons of Credit, at the faid House, that they, and others, to the Number of Thirty, were hired by Lord Trentham to protect

the French Strollers from any Attempt that might be made to prevent their Acting: And that the faid Haines paid them Five Shillings each for their Trouble, by the Directions of the faid Lord Trentham, and others. And this Deponent further faith, that the faid John Haines, and the feveral other Persons, dress'd like Chairmen, as aforesaid, went into a Room together at the said House, and some Disputes arising between them and the said Haines, whether a List of their Names had been given to Lord Trentham, the said Haines declared, That he had wrote all their Names down, and given the same to Lord Trentham, who should employ them again, and bid them go about their Business for that Time,

WILLIAM DAVISON!

Sworn the 24th Day of November, 1749, at the Pulick Office, in Symond's Inn, before me JOHN WAPLE, Master in Chancery.

To ball de Electeurre fitte vor Velmistère.

GENTILMENS,

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OURRE Sufrage in intirés all defir

Four de honorable mi Lor Trentam, Von trou Ingliese Maine.

N. B. Hy praij hall isse Friende to coume a de Frinebe house ine de Litel Hai Marquét.

To the Worthy Inhabitants of Westminster.

OH! Britons, now do but contemplate right.

The Case of Justice, when subdu'd by Might:
Likewise, regard yourselves as Agents free,
In Will, and Action, born in Liberty.

When no tyrannic Power, but Justice sways

Your Royal Sceptre, in those happy Days,

With

With voluntary Acts your Rights maintain. Regard no private Interest, nor base Gain: No Fee in Hand, nor empty Promise take. The certain Off'rings of some Men of S-te; But let the Nation's Good your Vote direct, From which you may a greater Gain expect. Then fcorn the base mean Actor on the Stage, Who, Flash like, strutted in a seeming Rage; Back'd with a Mob of Rascals, to affift The Gallie Strollers, both with Club and Fift; Against the Interest, Gentlemen, of all His former Voters, which I justly call An open Breach of Frendship, which requires A just Refentment; and likewise inspires Each honest Man of Spirit, to disdain An Act so hurtful, and so basely mean; The which your worthy Candidate would fcorn. Sir GEORGE I mean, of loyal Parents born; A Man esteem'd by all, to Britain's Fame-He'll add an Honour, in his very Name. For without Fee, or base intended Fraud, In guilty Clerks, all greatly him applaud, For his vast Merit only, and his Votes Drink him fuccessful, at all their Reforts, In Bumpers hearty, do their Reck'ning pay, Each Man his Share, without the least Delay. The like to which has ne'er before been known, Nor like Respect unto a Member shewn. Therefore, I pray, consider right the Case, Elect your WORTHY, and reject the Base.

Lord TRIM TRAM for Ever! Huzza! — Huzza! — Huzza!

A LL those of the ancient and sable Society of Chimney-Sweepers, and of the Order of the Budget, as well as the Gentlemen

of the Brulb, Horse Guards, Foot Guards, and Black Guards, who have not voted above Five Times at this Election, are defired to meet to Morrow Morning at the Gully-Hole near the Admiralty Office to Breakfast, where hot Ox-Cheek, dreffed a la mode a Paris, and a large Quantity of Soup Meagre will be provided for. their Entertainment, after which every one of them will be treated with a Glass of Strip me Naked; and then they are to proceed to the Place of Polling, under the Conduct of Mr. Boswell, preceded by the Musick from the French Theatre: All those who have neither Shoes or Stockings are defired to poll without, the Time being too short to provide a sufficient Number:

N. B. It having been given out that Mr. Boswell, who was taken into Custody last Friday, is not yet discharged; This is to assure the Publick the same is calculated to prejudice his Lordship; for he declares Upon his Honour, it is false, scandalous and malicious, Mr. Boswell being bailed out; and such others as were then taken up, are still kept in a Place of Security commonly called a Round-house, adjoining to the Place of Polling, to be let loose upon the first Emergency.

If any Person happens to be taken into Custody for Rigtous Behaviour, Mr. Justice Trouplaid

attends to prevent Commitment.

G. BRANDY-PORT

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster, Especially my dear Friends the Honourable Indepenpents.

HEREAS I G—E BRANBY-PORT, of Batavia, Fibb Merchant, do intend to exhibit to View, during the Election for the City and Liberty of Westminster, Variety of Dutch and Flemish Drolls, to amuse the Ignorant, and impose upon the credulous. First I shall shew the wonderful Van Davison, that swallows and disgorges Oaths and Lyes, with as much Ease as a Jack Pudding can Fire and Tow. To make him more conspicuous, I shall mount him on a Grey Horse, dressed up with Italian Ribbons and white Roses.

of a frightful Ghost, held up by St. Clement with a Mop-stick, which, for want of a proper Name in the Dutch, I have call'd an Independent scare Crow.

The Whole to conclude with a new Jacobite Hall

Drawn Swords, French Strollers, and Ten

Enquire for me at Mr. Van Jaco's, the Sign of the Imaginary Crown and Broken Anchor, in the Strand, and at the Fountain of Diffention in Catherine Street, where my Friends are ready to deprive you of your Pence and Reason, for which I shall return you my hearty Thanks and Dutch Services.

The Speech of a noble Lord at a late general Meeting of the Fribbles and Flashes, subo are Subscribers to, or Supporters of, the French Strollers.

EMME! Gentlemen, what do you mean?

Why do you permet your Spirits to be so much abbateau?—'Dsblood! Do you think these Jambesouttres of Tradesmen, Shopkeepers, Tories and Jacobites, can defeat us at the Election!

True, they have got the Mob of their Side, but have not we the Army? Aye, and all the Half-pay Gentlemen too, who, you know, are now sujet au discipline militaire.—Then as to voting, have not we all the sangsible Men de notre boté?—I mean, all they that are wise enough to prefer their own Interest to every other Considerationg.—But suppose they should out-number us in legal Votes, have we not several Resources?

Notwithstanding their Majority, we may get the High-Bailiff to return our Candidate; and if he should be as great a Fool as the rest, and refuse a good Pension, Post, or Sum of ready Rhino, from the -, our Candidate may petition; and it is not the first Time our Court Friends have voted Seven a greater Number than Seventy. - If they should be a little squeamish, which we know, feldom happens, as we all have the Bruifers, Bullies. Pimps, Pickpockets and Sharpers, all of our Side. we can raise a Riot quand il nous plaira, and that of Course will make a void Election, besides the Pleafure of Penlezing some of our Adversaries. But why should I talk of legal Votes? --- What have we to do with Legal? ---Laws were made for the Vulgar; - They were not defigned as a Restraint on Men of Figure and

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and Fortune. — We may secure a Majority by sending our Footmen; and if that should not be sufficient, the Horse and Foot Guards, to poll for us. — Strip them of their Liveries, and dress them in our cast-off Suits, they will make a better Figure than most Tradesmen, and may, at the

Poll, pass for substantial Housekeepers.

Morbleu, the Impudence of these Bourgeois! to fet themselves in Opposition to a Number of Men of Quality and Distinction ! - La France pour moy, where a Bourgeois, or Country Booby, trembles at the Sight of any of the Noblesse. - But, Gentlemen, if you'll join with me, we shall soon make these Scoundrels repent their Temerité. - I know that most of you have too polite a Taste to employ any of the bungling Tradesmen, or saucy Shopkeepers of this Country. — Da ma part, I have never employed any of them fince I returned from my Tour d'Europe; and never shall again, unless it be to ruin them; for as they cannot arrest me, I will take Care never to pay them, or not till the Interest has engloutied more than the Profits they can make by the Job; and even then they shall allow a Shilling or two in the Pound to La Fleur my French Valet, before he pays them the Money. - I must therefore conclude with moving, that no one shall ever hereafter be admitted to any of our Routs, Drums, or Assemblies, if he has any one Thing of English Manauvre about him, unless he can prove that the Tradesman he employed was ruined by truffing to his Honour.

Agreed to, Nemine Contradicente.

A Letter to the Electors of Westminster.

Gentlemen,

N Advertisement being handed about, subfcribed with the Name of a noble Lord, no doubt maliciously intending to impose on the worthy Inhabitants, and prejudice bim in their Favour at this Time, I thought it incumbent on me, as a Lover of Truth, to submit the following Remarks on that Piece. - Is it to be supposed that noble Person, so remarkable for his Shining Abilities, as well as bereditary Honour, would have fuffered Nonfense and Quibble to flow from his Pen? would he, when charged with being active at the French Theatre, have thought it a sufficient Justification to plead his not being particularly in the Pit or Gallery, just at such a particular Time? - Would he, when accused of being aiding in an Attack upon his Fellow Citizens, have foolishly imagined that denying his Prefence in a first or chief Disturbance, acquitted him of All.-No, I am perfuaded his Lordship would have proved himself an Englishman, by shewing that he was so far from abetting such foreign Vagabonds, that his utmost Endeavours were exerted in discouraging their Subscriptions, opposing their Licence, and disapproving their Performance. Such doubtless would have been his Lordship's Defence to the Public, had be thought it necessary to make one.

Indeed it is alledged, that many of his own Conflituents were Witnesses of his Heroism on this Occasion, but may they not be subject to a personal Mistake? ———It is no uncommon Case for the Member of a Borough to be the greatest Stranger in it, and indeed I do not remember to have seen or beard any Thing material of this noble Lord till

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this heroic Adventure, fince his last Election. Upon the whole, I think it is manifest this Advertisement was maliciously levelled at the Head and Heart of our noble Candidate, in order to make his Electors believe, neither of them are properly qualified for their Service.

I am, Gentlemen, Yours, An Elector.

To the van ELECTORS van Westminster.

Mynbeers,

YOUR Companyck is defyr'd to Day to eat van Pickel Herring, at de Sign van Amboyna, and to gif your Vote for Mynheer Vandergut, against de Engelisch Start, in Common Garden.

Ilk shall standen by you in de van Parlement, as his Countrymen did in de Flandres.

No Engelisch-Holland for ever.

At the White Rose, the Corner of Pope's Head Alley, this Day will be perform'd,

A new, diverting, tragi-comical Farce, call'd, The FUNERAL of Mother INDEPENDENCY.

Chief Mourner Mr. J-S.

And all the other Parts to the best Advantage.

Giving an Account how she was reduced to a starving Condition, by supporting and sheltering Papils and facobites; and at last, when she was brought so low that she could serve them no longer, how she was murdered by her ungrateful Sons, the Independent Electors of West minster.

To begin precisely at Three o'Clock.

Vivat Rex.

N. B. Roje-Dancing afterwards.

Whereas

WHEREAS there has been handed about a pretended Affidavit of one William Davison, I do hereby promise a Reward of Fifty Guineas to any Person or Persons who will produce the Original Affidavit (if any such has been made) and the said William Davison.

TRENTHAM.

Grofvenor-Street, November 26, 1749.

Middlefex, ~OHN HAINES of the Parish to wit, J of St. James's Westminster, maketh Oath and faith, that he, this Deponent never had any Conversation directly or indirectly with Lord Trentbam relating to the French Players, nor did the faid Lord Trentham dine at the King's-Arms in Pall-Mall on the Seventeenth Day of November Inflant, nor did this Deponent see the said Lord Trentham on that Day, nor for several Days before, to the best of this Deponent's Remembrance and Belief. And this Deponent further faith, that he never made use of the said Lord Trentham's Name in any Conversation at the Globe Alehouse in Pall-Mall, on the faid Seventeenth Day of November Instant, neither to William Davison, nor any one else; and, to the best of this Deponent's Belief and Recollection, he did not speak to the said Davison, but is perfectly fure Lord Trentham's Name was never mentioned. And this Deponent further faith, that the faid Lord Trentham, as this Deponent is well affured, was not in the least privy to this Deponent's going to the little Theatre in the Hay-Market on the faid Seventeenth of November, with several Persons, as mentioned in the Affidavit, or pretended Affidavit, of William Davison, nor had

had the said Lord Trentham any Knowledge thereof, or Concern therein. And this Deponent surther says, that every Word concerning the said Lord Trentham contained in the said Assidavit, or pretended Assidavit, of the said Davison is salse, scandalous and malicious.

John Haines. Sworn the 26th Day of November, 1749, before me, H. FIELDING.

To the worthy Electors of Westminster.

Gentlemen,

Out of the Abundance of the Heart, the Mouth speaketh; and I could not rest in my Grave without communicating to you the enclosed Acrostic, and (as Hamlet says) you may take the

Ghost's Word for a Thousand Pounds.

Yours in the Spirit

Bos. Penlez.

St. Clement's Church-Yard, November 28, 1749.

N. B. 78 Voters in Scotland-Yard. Query if to be allowed?

GROANS.

Of some present Proceedings before the House of the Lord.

Truant to thy promis'd Trust;
Rebel daring where thou durst;
E ager to promote French Strollers,
None but Poltroons are thy Pollers:
Tribes of Nose-led Clerks, and Placemen,
Hackney Voters (Bribes disgrace Men)
All forswear thro thick and thin,
Meanness theirs, but thine the Sin.

St. Clement's Church-Yard, Nov. 28, 1749.

Bof. Penlez.

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GREAT Numbers of People from the Parishes of St. John's and St. Margaret's, paying no more than Four Pounds a Year Rent, have been admitted to Poll at this Election.

Surely the Inhabitants of other Parishes have an equal Right to Poll for Sir George as those for

Lord Trentham.

Aux Electeurs tres Dignes de Westminster.

Meffieurs,

VOS Suffrages et Interests sont desires pour le tres Hon. mi Lord T—m, un VERITABLE Anglois.

N. B. Los prie ses Amis de ses rendre l' Hotel

François dans le Marche au Foin.

To my Lord T-m.

Monarch) being touch'd with a lively Sense of the Obligations he owes your Lordship, for the powerful Protection you have given to his Subjects in England, honours you with his Thanks, and commands me to affure you, that your Lordship shall be Chief Manager of his Playbouse in England, as soon as your Lordship and your Friends, have brought those insolent Rascals, the English, under his Dominion, being satisfied the Measures your Lordship and Friends now pursue, can't fail of your desired Success. I have the Honour to be

Your Lordship's most obliged bumble Servant,

M----

N. B. Translated from the Original French.

Vander-

(of) People from the Pa-Vanderporten for Ever.

RYAN RAPAWAY maketh Oath, that upon all the Days when the French Stranglers play'd, he faw Lord Trentrum with a Blunderbuss in his Pocket, and fays that he faw the faid Lord Trentrum either in the Pit or Gallery, but which it was he cannot fay as yet; and fays that he was told by one John Johnson, that Lord Trentrum declared upon the Monday, that he had been the Tuesday following at the French Playhouse, and there had eat some Soup Meagre with the French Stranglers, and fays that he faw Lord Trentrum throw a large Dish of the said Soup Meagre in the Face of one Thomas Vandergut, an Englishman, and a great Lover of the Laws and Liberties of his Country; and fays that he is credibly inform'd, and verily believes, that the faid Lord Trentrum has fent over to the King of France for a Party of Swifs Guards to protect the French Stranglers; and farther fays that he was last Sunday at the French Embassador's Chappel, and there law Lord Trenfrum at Mash in Company with three or four of the French Stranglers; and farther fays, that he intends to swear something else To-morrow, but cannot as yet, being very hoarse by hallowing for Vanderporte at the enfuing Lection.

BRYAN RAPAWAY.

eling won. Sworn at the Fleet, Before me

PAUL BLACKHEAD

N. B. If any Person can devise any scandalous Lie against my Lord Trentbam, he may meet with Encouragement by applying to the Independens Electors

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Electors at the Sign of the Fox and Goofe, in the Strand.

Note. Swearing will be infifted on.

It is expected that my Lord Trentbam's Friends should behave themselves very quietly at the Election; but the Mob on the other Side are desired to be as riotous and disorderly as they can.

N. B. Our Friends the Jacobites are defired for this once to swallow the Health of King GEORGE, if possible; since they will make full Amends for Voting on the Right Side.

To the Worthy Electors of WESTMINSTER, who are in the Interest of

Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT.

GENTLEMEN,

YOU are invited, on the Days of Polling, during the whole Election, to meet some particular Friends of Sir George Vandeput, at the Cross-Keys and Rummer Tavern in Henrietta-Street, Covent-Garden, to drink a Bumper to the following Health, and then to proceed immediately to Poll;

'Health and Happiness to his Majesty King GEORGE, his Royal Highness the Prince of WALES, and to all the Royal Family,—wish-

ing Success to Sir George Vandeput and his

" present Election."

By Order of the Committee.

N. B. Several Constables (the most proper, if not the only Guard that ought to be procured upon this Occasion) have voluntarily offered to defend the Electors from all outragious Insults.

T.

To the Worthy ELECTORS of WESTMINSTER.

A True Copy of a Letter sent to an Inhabitant of Covent-Garden, who thought Himself at Liberty, (though a Tenant to the Duke of Bedford) to Vote, according to His Own Conscience; which having done, received the Following, viz.

"Hereby give you Notice, that you are to quit the House you Rent of his Grace the

" Duke of Bedford, fituate in Bedford-Street, in

" the Parish of St. Paul, Covent-Garden, at Lady" Day next, or to pay his Grace Seventy-two

Pounds a Year for the same, from that Time".

Dated Nov. 29, 1749.

Rt. BUTCHER.

To Mr. Matthew Creyghton.

Steward to his Grace.

Note, I acknowledge to have received the above Letter by the Hands of Mr. Becuda, one of His Grace's Stewards, and accept the Notice therein. The Rent I at present Pay is Thirty-fix Pounds per Annum. I voted for, and to my utmost have served Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT. Who wou'd Not? 14 No Rent due to His Grace.

MATTHEW CREYGHTON,

An Insulted ELECTOR of Westminster.

QUERIES addressed to the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

QUERY I. WHether the Affertion that Lord Trentham headed the Riot, and the Affidavit, that he hired the Mob for the French Players,

Players, have not been, or may not be, prov'd; the one to be False, and the other Forg'd, upon as full Evidence as ever sent a Criminal in a Court of Justice to the Pillory or the Gallows?

Arts too infamous for a wife Man to direct, an bonest Man to avow, or an Englishman to practise?

III. Whether such Affidavit Mongers, after Conviction, do not infult your Understanding, by continuing to court your Favour?

IV. Whether any Objection now lies against Lord Trentham's being your Representative, excepting that of his being appointed a Lord of the Admiralty?

V. Whether in this Nation, the Business of the House of Commons can be done, unless the Lords of the Admiralty sit in that House to assist and inform it in all Inquiries relating to the Operations, Oeconomy, and Government of the Fleet?

VI. Whether the most limited Place Bill brought into Parliament, ever attempted to disqualify the Lords of the Admiralty from being re-elected into the House of Commons?

VII. Will you then, be perfuaded to do what the Violence and Virulence, far less the Zeal and Wisdom, of former Oppositions, never attempted?

VIII. If Lord Trentham should succeed in his Election, do his Circumstances in Life lay him under any Temptation of betraying a Country in which he has so large a Property, or of being ungrateful to Constituents who have laid him under so great Obligations?

to well as he; and therefore no man is 15 proper to clear it up. This he has not done. Not One Word of his own 15 offered in his Juffification.
And will not the impartal World conclude, That

APLAIN ANSWER to the most material of the Queries last published in Favour of Lord Trentham.

W HAT may be prov'd is not easy to be known: But a tolerable Guess may be made, from what has been already published in Lord Trentbam's Favour.

And First, his own Answer, as to the Accusation of his Heading the Riot in the Playhouse, is notoriously evasive; and though he has been told so over and over again he has neither mended his own Desence, nor brought one Person to youch the Truth of it.

As to Haines's Affidavit, it must be observed, That Davison has sworn to his being told, by several Persons of Credit, that Lord Trentham had hired a Mob, &c.—And whether they did tell him so or not Haines cannot possibly know—And yet an hard-mouth'd—can boldly swear Point Blank, That every word contained in Davison's Affidavit, concerning Lord Trentham, is false, scandalous, and malicious.

he swears? Or who stands clearest from the Charge of Perjury?—The Man who hired a Mob to support French Strollers, is fit to swear for those who

employed him.

After all, if Lord Trentham is really innocent of this last Charge, why does he not clear himself? Why does he not make an Affidavit of his Innocence? No Man knows the Bottom of this Affair so well as he; and therefore no man is so proper to clear it up. This he has not done. Not One Word of his own IS offered in his Justification: And will not the impartial World conclude, That he has not One Word to offer?

Whereas

7Hereas there has appeared in the publick Papers, an Advertisement on Tuesday, Nov. 28, that John Haines did not fee Lord Trentham on the first and second Day of the French Strollers performing: The publick are defir'd to take Notice, That this John Haines is a Waiter at the King's Arms. Tayern in Pall-mall; and that a creditable House-keeper is ready to affert upon Oath, that the faid John Haines attended Lord Trentham and feveral others, at the faid King's Arms, on one of the Days that the FRENCH VAGRANTS perform'd at the little Theatre in the Hay-Market; and that the faid John Haines has acknowledged to feveral creditable House-keepers, that he had received and paid'a confiderableSum to a Parcel of Chairmen. &c. to protect the faid Vagrants, during the Time of their Performance .- That the faid John Haines accordingly paid the faid Chairmen, &c. Five Shillings each; and at the same Time told them to be ready, for that he had Money in his Hands to pay for the next Night's Performances. The Publick are also defir'd to take Notice, that the faid John Haines fays, he has received Five Guineas as a Reward for his particular Services on that Occafion --- And whereas feveral People (furprized at the Inconsistency of Davison's and Haines's Depofitions) defirous of knowing the Truth, went on Monday the 27th Inftant, to the faid Haines, in order to be fully fatisfied whether he the faid Haines had made fuch a Deposition or not; at which Time he confes'd that the major Part of Davison's Affidavit was true, except his mentioning Trentbam's Name, or his wearing a Chairman's Coat.

Davison bought two of the Bludgeons that had been employ'd in that Night's Service.

Whether

N. B. It is a little extraordinary, that the Noble Lord should offer a Reward of 50 l. to produce Davison, when his Lordship's Muster-master Haines, well knows where to find him, and might have produced both the Affidavit and Davison, if he had thought fit so to do, without the Reward of 50 l.

REASTON'S

For Voting for Lord Trentham. and and

I. B Ecause he is a Young Nobleman of great B Family and Fortune, of unblemist'd Honour, and a known Friend to our present happy Constitution.

II. Because every honest Man ought to detest a Cause which hath been supported by the rankest Falshoods and Periuries.

III. Because no Man can give any Reason for voting for Sir G. Vandeput, which is not founded on those Falshoods and Perjuries,

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster. Gentlemen,

Am a Voter for Westminster, and should be glad to give my Vote for the worthiest Candidate, but I must be greatly determined in my Choice by having an Answer to the two following Queries,

stated upon a plain Fact.

The Church of every Parish is undoubtedly, by Law, committed to the Care of the Church-Warden for the Time being. Every Intrusion upon his Office is certainly illegal, and every Violence offer'd to Personal Liberty ought to be resented with Indignation by every Man who wears the Name of an Englishman. My Questions therefore are;

Whether

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Whether a Set of Justices openly in the Interest of Sir George Vandeput, did not on the 29th Day of this Instant, intrude themselves in the Vestry-room of Covent-Garden Church, and upon the Church-Warden enquiring by what Authority they sat there, did not one of those Champions for Liberty actually commit the Church-Warden, and threaten to send him to Newgate?

What is to be expected from the future Conduct of a Party who, in their supposed Dawn of Success, can thus arbitrarily trample upon the most facred Fences of the Protestant Establishment, and the most undoubted Privileges of Englishmen?

Friday, Debember 1, 1749.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

Gentlemen,

TOtwithstanding the low Arts, the riotous Behaviour, and the difguifed Practices of the Enemies of Lord Trentham, You have exerted this Day the true British Spirit, which, though sometimes flow, is always fure, and fix'd to the Protestant Establishment in his Majesty's Person and Family. The Cloak of Independency fo long worn by those, who have now behaved with the greatest Indecency and Virulence against Lord Trentham, is, by covering Papists and Jacobites, now worn fo thin, that they have thought fit to throw it aside; but I hope We, who are the Real Friends of Protestant Liberty, shall never be juggled out of our Senses, by the stale Pretexts of Men who court your Favour by the most infamous detected Falshoods. I am, Gentlemen,

Your Humble Servant,

A Brother ELECTOR.

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N. B. Upon this Day's Poll there was a Majority of 80 for Lord Trentham, and a Continuance of the same noble Spirit will certainly decide the Poll in his Lordship's Favour.

W Hoever employs another to commit a criminal Act (the Event whereof is Murder) ought to confider, if Murder should ensue, whether he would be exempt from the Gallows, or the Block, either by Law or Justice, even if he was a Duke.

An ACROSTICK.

V oice unbrib'd a free-born Voice

A lways fix'd Old England's Choice;

N ow the Case is alter'd quite,

D READ perverts the People's Right:

E very petty Fool dependant

P olls for Bread, in Hopes to mend on't.

U nite; difband your Strolling Lord,

T hen give his perjur'd Friends a CORD.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

Gentlemen, Your Votes and Interest are desired for
Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT, Bart.

A true Lover of the Laws and Liberties of England.

Ift Query. Do you think it your Interest to chuse for one of your Representatives a Person who openly and avowedly appeared active in supporting the French Strollers in the Hay-Market, and that for two successive Nights?

2d Qu. Whether he had not discharged part of his Duty to the Honour and Satisfaction of his Elec-

tors, had he used what Interest he had in discoun-

tenancing them?

3d Qu. Should ye chuse such a one, what further Insult on your Rights and Privileges are ye next to expect?

4th Qu. If a worthy English Gentleman should offer himself a Candidate, would ye decently exert

yourselves in his Behalf?

5th Qu. Whether the Burgesses of Westminster, who have been applied to, have Power to influence so large a City and Liberty as this is?

6th Qu. Shall I live to see ye redeem your antient Honour, and scorn Bribery and Corruption

in every Disguise?

7th Qu. Whether, upon your late Representative's Resignation of the Trust you had repos'd in him, he ought not to have taken the Opinion of a General Meeting, if thought a proper Person for your future Considence?

8th Qu. Whether his nominating himself a Candidate without such Opinion, does not imply a soveseign Sufficiency in himself as well as Contempt of

his Electors.

oth Qu. Whether, from this Behaviour, it may not fairly be infer'd; that he thinks, the Admiral can cammand, what the Lord formerly condescended to follicit.

in a Member of Parliament, as is likely to render him of more constitutional Service to his Country

or Constituents.

11th Qu. Whether, by the Suddenness of the Election, it was not intended (according to some late political Practices) to smuggle a Member upon this City.

12 Qu. Whether, if a Representative thinks proper to vacate his Seat without Your Consent,

G

it may not be prudent to fill it up again without His.

To the unprejudiced Electors of Westminster.

GENTLEMEN,

T CANNOT but think, that a faithful and honest Discharge of a past Trust is the best Recommendation for future Confidence: And though this Principle would certainly have fway'd me in Favour of a late Noble Representative, whose Behaviour in Parliament has, on all Occasions, been truly unexceptionable; yet has my Zeal for his Service been confiderably heightened by the Necessity there is of opposing his Antagonist, and preventing, by that Means, the Progress of Jacobitism and Popery. For whatever Sir G-e's Principles might have been, before his appearing at the Head of the Independents, (or Persons independent of the Religion and Laws of their Country, if Independency, in this Case, means any thing) there is now but too much Reason to suspect him of a thorough Change: For what are the Independents, the Principles they profess, or the Motives by which they act; a small Share of Discernment will enable you to discover the too recent Behaviour of their Leaders at Vintners-Hall, the Earnestness with which they opposed all Subscriptions or Levies for suppressing the late Rebellion; their suspected Correspondencies, and the indecent Healths so often proposed, and fo publickly drank in their Meetings and Affemblies, leave you no room to doubt these Gentlemen are the Persons, who, under the Mask of Friendship, and under Cover of great Zeal for their Country's Welfare, would artfully avail themfelves of your Suffrages, and by your own precipitated

tiated Affistance, wou'd procure your own Undoing: And if these Things are so (of which let every Elector folemnly and candidly judge for himfelf, laying afide all personal Prejudice, or Favour,) What have we been doing? and how grossly have we imposed upon Ourselves? though if we are satisfied, that the Leaders of the Independents mean and defire to protect the Protestant Religion, and the present Establishment; if we are satisfied that they have not, nor ever had any Intention of introducing Arbitrary Power, or a Family long fince expelled for Defigns destructive to our Religion and Liberty; or if we are so Insensible as not to be moved with these Dangers; or when near at Hand to be convinced of their Reality, let us One and All Vote for Sir G-e; but till then, and till the Independents have convinced us that they are Friends to, and zealous Supporters of the Religion and Liberties of their Country, under the prefent happy Establishment; let us heartily, chearfully, and unanimously concur for his Lordship as the more proper Person to represent this great City in Parliament, notwithflanding all that Spirited Envy, or Wanton Malice have done to leffen his Character, or defame his Reputation.

1 am, GENTLEMEN,

An ELECTOR, &c.

To all sincere Lovers of his Majesty King George, of their Country, their Liberty, and Sir George Vandeput.

Dec. 2.

The Query of Queries.

A S Expresses were sent Yesterday Evening, to all Placemen (not excepting M— of of out of Town, to come immediately and

vote for L—T——; as such weighty Confiderations are offered, such terrifying Letters and Messages sent to Tradesmen, to force them to vote a certain Way:—— Is it not highly incumbent on the Well-Wishers of Sir George Vandeput (as our all is at Stake,) to rouze and exert themselves as one Man; and to procure him, instantly, all the Votes they can, in order to crush the Hydra of Power, before it be too late?

N.B. All Sir George Vandeput's Friends are defired to meet at the Cross-Keys Tavern in Henrietta-Street, Covent-Garden.

Otwithstanding a noble Person's Advertisement of Yesterday, 'tis well known that Davison, the Person who made the Assidavit about Lord T—m's hiring People to protect the French Strollers, appeared upon the Hustings with the Assidavit, and demanded the 50 Guineas which wasrefused him.

On a certain Coloffal Landlord.

Cannibal! to double a Man's Rent,
Cause 'gainst his Conscience he won't give
Assent,

Thus may thy future Acts thy Judgment show, Till a fam'd Square a frightful Desart grow.

On the unfortunate Bosavern Penlez; by an honest.

Elector of Westminster.

Description of Wood.

No Female in London but cried,
Excepting the Daughters of Wood.

Whereas

THEREAS, on Account of the present Westminster Election, several Persons have been discharged from the Gatehouse, Tothill-fields Bridewell, Fleet and King's-Bench Prisons, We whose Names are under-written, being now Prisoners in his Majesty's Goal of Newgate, think proper to acquaint the Agents of a noble Candidate, that we have not yet polled once at this Election, and as Part of us are at present unluckily under Sentence of Transportation, and the rest have some melancholy Apprehensions of the ensuing Sessions, in order to make a Friend at Court, we are now ready to give our Votes for his Lordship upon very easy Terms, and are farther willing to make all reasonable Abatement for any Pardon, or Noli Prosequi he shall be able to obtain for us: In which we apprehend he will find no great Difficulty, as we are credibly informed feveral Profecutions have been already stifled upon the same Consideration and as we can affure his Lordship, UPON OUR HO-NOUR, we were no way concerned with the late Mr. Penlez in the Demolition of the Bawdy-houses.

> Jemmy Twitcher, Crook finger'd Jack, Wat Dreary, Robin of Baghot,

Nimming Ned, Harry Paddington, Mat of the Mint, Ben Budge.

Newgate, Dec. 2.

N. B. If any Objection should be made to the Legality of our Votes, Mr. Justice Trotplaid will attend to give us a Character, and prove our having been not only Inhabitants, but very confiderable Dealers in the City and Liberties.

To the Electors of Westminster.

THE Poll of Westminster will be printed to to distinguish the three Classes,

1st, The Sons of Liberty. 2d, The Abject Slaves.

3d, The neutral Drones, that don't deserve the Liberties they won't defend.

Vote while you may.

To the generous Electors of Westminster.

Gentlemen,

Went yesterday to the Polling-place, in order to give my Vote for Sir George Vandeput, but was interrupted by a great Number of ill-looking Scoundrels; who were armed with Bludgeons, and other offensive Weapons; as I found it impossible to get to the Steps without running the Hazard of being knock'd o'th' Head, I went round to the back Door of the Church, being told Numbers of Persons were let in that Way to poll for Lord T-m. When I came to the Church Door, I found a certain noble Lord, who was in the Interest of Sir George, knocking for Admittance, but could get none, tho' feveral Persons were let in just before to poll for the opposite Party. This, and many more Instances of the like Kind, ferves to shew the Partiality there is shewn on this Occasion.

An Elector.

Speedily the Publick will be entertained with the Travels of Peg Trim Tram's Sir-loin of Beef, that

was kick'd and cuffed from House to House for a long time, without being able to get Admittance any where.

And this Day the Ghost of Penlez is to come and give his Vote for Sir George Vandeput, attended by

the principal Inhabitants of St. Clements.

From de little Theatre in Marche au foin.

Monsieur. HO' I write you, I must tell you, I am not Fool, for what is Fool? in French it is Unfot, in English a Sot; now I am not Sot, therefore no Fool; but I believe you ver great one, great enough to diflike me, and de pretty Lord T-m. I am commanded by de Company to write you Letter, in doing which, tho', as I said above, I am not Fool, yet to confess one Secret, I am ver great Coward: For you must know here is de Skeleton of Common Sense, which de Beaux kill de Night de draw de Sword on de Stage, and I am in develish Sweat-If you have ever see my Friend and Acquaintance Monsieur Laluze act the Pierrot in de Harlequin Skeleton, you may have fome Thought of my Situation. Stop one Moment-ah! now 'tis well, I have shut him up, and fo now I think no more of it. To begin den-first I speak of myself, which perhaps you may not think agreeable to the French Poleteffe; but if it is ill Manners I learn it in England. - Pray Monfieur la Fool what is de Objection you have to me, ___don't you like de French Comedie?___ I have hear say from Monsieur De Voltaire in de Green Room in Paris, dat is much better than your English Play; for, says he, shaking his Head wit ver much Thought, De French Comedie ah! 'tis ver much Sense, it has de Bienseance, it is writ up to de Rule—never but

one Character at a time, ----not like de English full of a great many at a Time, on purpose to make Laugh, with great deal of Nonfense, which one ***** a meer Buffoon, and not ferious Man like me, would call Variety of Humour. - G-d D-n de Skeleton-what you stare? ah! it is not stir——it is the Business I am to do make me frighten _____ to go on___ Can vou answer Mr. De Voltaire? No, no, besides you scold, you fight on de Stage, you Draw de Sword on de Stage, which we do not do in France. upon my Honour: And let me tell you, de French Player have more Honour in his little Finger dan de English Lord, and if he give his Honour you may believe him. Are we not better Actor than you have? Sans doute, it is plain; for what is dat big Man, Mr. Guin I think de call? it is like mad Bull, ball and roar, and make Noise, a gross Milord Anglois. And dat other Man, Mr. Garlick, what is it but hop-my-thumb, a little Flash, and noting else; and as for Barry, de Frenchman always like here better dan de Irish. What de Devil, you come again, I shake all over, G-d d-n it for Common Sense, I tink no more of it; well, Monfieur, I tink it is plain I am best Actor; and if I get Money, and grow fat among you, I pay you for it with your own Coin, fo dat I am fure you must like me; and if you like me, you like Lord T-m for defend me. And let me tell you Milord T-m'tis ver pretty Gentleman; 'tis true he not speak de French ver well, but he speak it better dan English, which is fine to fee in young Man, and good Accomplishment for Member of Parliament. Iam fure it would be fo in France, and what is your English Parliament more? It does no more, it gives de K-g, or de Two Brothers, 'tis all the same, their own Way, as much as de do in Paris; befides, now

I have removed all Prejudice against me, he is Subf-r for me, and ver good Friend in the Disturbance. I not say he draw de Sword in de Parteru or in de Gallerie, but it would do you Heart good, upon my Honour, to fee him on de Stage in de First and Chief Disturbance, how he stand in threatning Posture! Sa, Sa, says he, and Sa, Sa, and den push, and den to de Tradesman, What you meddle in Plays? Bourgeoise Gentilhomme! Sa, Sa, den make Lunge, and drive all before. Encore, he never bepresent since dat Night, for what is present? let us talk Sense, it is to be in de loge, and, upon my Honour, he was only in de Green Room to fay des Belles chous to de Ladies, who are all ver fond of him, he's fo much Lady bimfelf. Now, Monsieur, I insist you must let him sit in de P-t, and if you don't 'tis use me ill. I remember when I was in de Camp vit M-I S-e, you English was ver civil den, not disturb bim nor me; and why should you do it now? I wish you had begin before de Hostage come bome, he would be in de Bastile for dis; and I can tell you, if you not behave better, de War break out again, and de grand Monarche make you love me, and Milord T-m. O de Devil, here 'tis again. De Skeleton: It pull my Hair: No, 'tis only Loufe: O! morbleau! here, here, Milord, Milord, under my Legs, come draw your Sword, no-body fee, we fay upon our Honour you did not. Ah! 'tis gone again! it fay I am not worth his While; but I am so tear I can write no more, only just to fay, Milord give Gallerie Ticket to all des Two S-g Voters, and I am in great Hafte to run away,

Monfieur,

Votre tus bumble Servan,

JOAN SOU MIGREA.

E Public est averti que les Comdiens François donneront telache au Theatre, jusqu' que l'Election du Membre du Parlement pour Westminster, soit finie; leur Principal etant entierment occupe & Interesse dans cette affaire.

An EPIGRAM, occasined by the above.

The Meffieurs fo clapp'd, are forc'd to lay down,
And who, pray, shall pay all their Bills, Sir?

Lord T—— m cannot, he's enough of his own,
For he's forc'd to take damn'd bitter Pills, Sir.

Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT for Ever! A, CHORUS.

To to the Tune of God fave our Noble King, &c.

To Sir George, fill the Bowl,
To Him, a gallant Soul,
We'll give our Voice:
He'll not French Strollers head,
Nor coax the Men in Red:
But on Corruption tread:
He is our Choice.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

THE Artifices and Appearances made, in Favour of Lord Trentham's Enemies, by avowed Papists and Jacobites, make it now evident that Popery and Jacobitism are more than Sounds; and that there is no Connection so unnatural which they will not court, in order to distress His Majesty's Government. But the Mist which their Arts had rais'd has been lately dispell'd, and every Man of Sense can now see the Dutch Flag inscrib'd with English Nonsense. Another noble Effort of public Spirit will strike it; and then, let every true Englishman

glishman Ind his Affistance in rearing the British Standard, and regard no Colours but those of England, whose Interest Lord Trentham is determin'd, in all Events, and in all Stations, never to abandon. I am.

Gentlemeu,

Your obedient Servant
A Brother ELECTOR:

The ELECTOR'S OATH,

Appointed to be taken by an Act of the 2d of GEORGE II.

I Do Swear I have not received, or had by myself or any Person whatsoever in Trust for me, or for my Use and Benefit, directly or indirectly, any Sum or Sums of Money, Office, Place or Employment, Gift or Reward, or any Promise or Security for any Money, Office, Employment or Gift, in order to give my Vote at this Election; and that I have not before been polled at this Election.

By the same Statute it is enacted, any Elector forswearing himself, shall incur and suffer the Pair: and Penalties which by Law are enacted or insticted in Cases of wilful and corrupt Perjury, which by a Act of the 5th of Elizabeth, are

To forfeit 201, and to fuffer half a Year's Impriforment, and to have his Ears to the Pillory.

And by the 2d of George II. It is Transportation for seven Years, besides the Punishment inflicted by the former Statutes.

Published by Order of Sir George Vandeput, Bart.

That no Man may plead Ignorance, nor be unwarily seduced to offend against the Laws of God, and his Country; and as Sir George depends wholly on the free and honest Votes of the worthy Legal H 2 Elector Electors of this City and Liberty; fo he declares, that when a Scrutiny shall be made, and the Villany can no longer be concealed, he will prosecute, to the utmost Extremity of the Law, all such as shall appear Guilty of that most pernicious and most detestable Sin of wilful and Perjury.

GEORGE VANDEPUT.

Subordination of Perjury by the 5th of Elizabeth, is 40%. or Pillory.

Monday Dic. the 4th, 1749.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster Gentlemen,

Have the farther Pleasure to inform you that throw your noble Perseverance in the Cause I appear for, That of Liberty and the Protestant Establishment in his Majesty's Person and Government, that the Poll this Day has run to a large Majority for me.

A very short Continuance of the noble Spirit you have hitherto exerted, will, I hope, determine the Poll in my Favour, and nothing in my Power shall be wanting to convince you, and the Public, that I shall make no other Distinction in Parties than between the Friends and Enemies of Great Britain. I therefore beg that you will now, if possible, more than ever, early and earnestly appear in my Interest, as I have no higher Ambition, than by my Conduct in Parliament to approve myself the Friend and Servant of my Country.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient Servant,

TRENTHAM.

A new SONG concerning the Westminster Election.

T.

Tho' Trentham's exhalted to be a fine Lord,
To fign great Commissions, and brandish a
Sword,

To oppose his own Country, and screen open Foes, The Truth of all this the whole Town it knows. Derry down, &c.

II

Our Natives are starving, which Nature has made, The brightest of Wits, and to Comedy bred; Whilst Apes are carefe'd, which God made by Chance,

The worst of all Mortals, the Strollers from France.

Derry down, &c.

III.

We hear an Election foon will enfue,
Where it's hop'd each Elector will do but his Due;
Then Trentham leaves off for to brandish his Sword,
Kick'd out from the Commons may turn to a Lord.

Derry down. &c.

IV.

Must we re-elect Members of turn-coat Race,
His first being elected brings us to Disgrace;
Such Boys as these we have in great Store,
We know the young Blade sprung from my Lord
Gower.

Derry down, &c.

V

Be watchful, Electors, that Liberties prize,
Let loud Acclamations ascend to the Skies;
Let Honesty have it, without all Dispute,
Then down with all Trenthams, and up Vandeput.

Derry down, &c.

Choung begilds fine

An EPIGRAM.

OUOTH L-d G-r to his Son, "Boy, thy "Frolick and Place

"Full dear will be paid for by us, and his G—e;
"Ten Thousand twice o'er advanc'd!" teritable!—
Mon Pere, cry'd the Youth, but the D—e you know's able:

Nor blame my French Frolicks; since all Men are

You're doing behind, what I did 'fore the Curtain.

A Fisherman near the River Trent.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.

GENTLEMEN.

THE warm, yet decent, Zeal you expressed, both by your Conduct and Behaviour, in my Favour last Saturday, has gained me an undisputable Majority upon the Whole of the Poll, and claims the utmost Returns of my Grantude.

Nothing but the Sense of my own Innocency, under many cruel, causeless Imputations, and my being conscious, that, in whatever Situation of Life I am placed, my whole Aim shall be to serve the Cause of Liberty, could prevail with me, again, in the most earnest Manner, to beg the Continuance of that Spirit which has already done you so much Honour, and by which alone the Protestant Establishment in his Majesty's Person and Family can be secur'd and supported. My suture Conduct shall vindicate my Character, and speak my Thanks to you, I hope, in a more proper and effectual Manner than any present Assurances that can come from

Your most obedient, and
Most obliged bumble Servant
TRENTHAN.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster.
Gentleman,

Have the most grateful Sense of your Favours. and I hope you'll continue to support me with your Votes and Interest, and then I doubt not we shall prevail over the Arbitrary Directions of Men in Power, and the fatal Effects of corrupt Influence. - Many honest and unbiass'd Electors have not yet polled. Glorious Opportunity for them to finish triumphantly what their Friends, the Friends of Liberty, have fo worthily carried on .- For my own Part, as it is my Duty, fo it is my Resolution to use all honest and laudable Endeavours to defeat their pernicious Schemes, and render your Nomination successful. - Let each Elector, who has a ready voted, call upon his Neighbours that have not, and the Majority of honest Voters will far exceed the Numbers that can be found corruptible.

To the Gentlemen of the Law.

W H O have not yet voted, are defired to meet at Rathmell's Coffee-house in Henrietta-street. Covent-Garden, this Morning, at Eleven o'Clock, to proceed in a Body to Hustings, and vote for their

Most obedient and
Most bumble Servant,
GEORGE VANDEPUT.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster. Gentlemen,

W E have lately had an Instance of the laudable Behaviour of our worthy Merchants of the City of London to support the Credit of the Nation, at a Time when our ALL was at Stake.

Why should not the same Spirit subsist amongst the worthy Electors of Westminster, when your Liberty is in danger.

I am strongly convinced of the good Intentions of those worthy Electors in the Interest of Sir GEORGE VANDEPUΓ, who have now an Opportunity of r turning the Favour the Merchancs were so justly applauded for, in the Interest of their King and Country. Consider with yourselves how readily those Gentlemen subscribed their Names to the Support of this great Metropolis at that Time; therefore now prove yourselves to have a just Sense of Liberty and Property, and your Names will be recorded in the Annals of Time.

Yours,

A Free Voter.

To the Worthy Electors of Westminster, especially the Antient Britons.

You are defired to meet this Day, being the 5th Instant, as early as possible, in Remembrance of Sir Watkin Williams Wynne, and to support the Antient Britons Honour and Honesty. No Bribery nor Corruption. Let's join Heart and Hand, and meet Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT this Morning as soon as possible, at the Cross-Keys, Henrietta-street, Covent-Garden, as Britons and Englishmen. Yeurs,

A BRITON.

A FTER having exhausted every Workhouse, Bridewell, and Goal in Westminster, proper Agents have been dispatched to the Fleet and King's-Bench Prisons, to induce the miserable Inhabitants to add Guilt to Wretchedness, by prostituting their Votes at the present Election; and in the Fleet publick Proslamation was made on Saturday last, That if any Prisoner would vote for a certain Candidate, upon Application to a Person there in Waiting in the House, he should be discharged if his Debt was under fifteen Pounds.

To the DISSENTERS of all Denominations,

ELECTORS for the City and Liberty of Westminster.

Gentlemen,

TO one wishes you better than I do, who am a zealous Subject of King George, a Member of the Church of England, and in the Interest of Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT: I love you, as being Friends to Liberty, on which, you are very fensible, our whole Well-Being depends. Now it is evident that our L-b-rt—s are invaded, otherwife why are fuch extraordinary Confiderations offered, why such arbitrary Letters and Messengers fent to People in Business, to force them to v—te contrary to the pressing Dictates of Conscience? Asthis is the known Practice, can you yet continue unalarmed? Remember the dangerous Times of Sacheveral. The fame Spirit which, now, fo ftrongly invades our Privileges in general, will afterwards extinguish yours, in particular, if not timely opposed. Shew yourselves then as Men, as English. men, to whom Freedom is the dearest of all earthly Bleffings; and not only the present Age, but the next, shall bless your glorious Struggle. I am,

Your most affectionate bumble Servant,

A BRITON.

To fuch ELECTORS of the City and Liberty of Westminster, as intend not to poll on either Side.

Gentlemen,

A S it is wholly in your Power to turn the Scale greatly, in Favour of Liberty and Sir-GEORGE VANDEPUT, will you still refuse to give

give your Voices? Reflect seriously that, should we now lose the Day, you will be the fole Cause of it. Such of you as have read the Controversy, must see, to a Demonstration, that Truth, Justice, and Reason, are with the Friends of Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT; and that the only Weapons employed by our Adversaries, are Fallacy, Calumny, and Corrup-on. Confider the dreadful Confequences, should these latter prevail; and then, each of you, laying his Hand on his Breast, let him folemnly ask himself, Whether if, at a Time when our R-hts are so glaringly struck at, he can be permitted to remain neuter? Call to Mind, that Corruption has been the Ruin of the noblest States! Reflect that NOW or NEVER: And that All who are not for us, are against us.

King GEORGE, St. GEORGE, and Sir GEORGE For EVER.

An earnest Address to the worthy Electors of Westminster, who have not as yet polled, or do not intend to poll.

Gentlemen,

I is Matter of mere Indifference to me (being no ways interested) which of the Candidates succeed in your Election,—Yet—when I see such gross, infamous Practices made Use of to carry a Point,—that alone would determine me how to act. Was there ever a Time that Bribery and Perjury were so barefacedly practised?—When have we ever seen before now, the N-b—ty and M—of S—, so avowedly and openly abetting them, and even by Constraint endeavouring to propagate them?—Can any Man imagine that the City of Westminster is concerned only in the Event? Will such daring Men as these end here?—What will they

they not drive at, -when they are successful enough to do what they please in one of the most populous and wealthieft Cities of the Kingdom?-No .-- no .--- Gentlemen ,---- Your Country is concerned.—Her Eyes are upon you.—Is this then, Gentlemen, a Time to look unconcernedly in an Event of the utmost Importance? -- An Event which probably may be the Crifis of your Country's Fate .- If then you have any Regard for the Welfare of her, -- if any Regard for Your selves or Families, -- any Concern for your Civil or Religious Rights,now-is-the Time for convincing the World that we Dare be Free, and of having the fecret Satiffaction of being the glorious Means of putting a Stop to a Set of Principles and Practices, the most destructive to human Society, - by voting for

Sir GEORGE VANDEPUT.

A Citizen of London.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Bayes, of Covent-Garden, to his Friend at Windsor.

Dec. 5, 1749.

Dear Sir,

As I know you are a Well-wisher to the Interest of Lord Trentham, I heartily congratulate you, as well as all my worthy Fellow-Citizens, on the Success of the three last Days Polls, whereby his Lordship has recovered a Majority near of 150, which had been gained on the other Side by such a Clamour, such pitiful Arts and malicious Insinuations, as were hardly ever known at any Poll for this City.—All the Blackguards, Kennel-rakers, Rag-gatherers, and Ballad-singers, had been engaged to salute those, who came to the Poll, with the loud Roar of, No French Strollers.

I 2

Tuft

Just so the Danger of the Church was trumpeted by a Faction in the Reign of Queen Anne, when Thousands now living remember, that sour wealthy Merchants, Candidates for the City of London, were for no other Reasons than their being Whigs, insulted by a Jacobite Mob, with the senseless Cry of No French Hugonots, No Prespyterians, No Merchants; to which they might as well have added, No Trade, No Bread. With the same Justice, and the same good Sense, has a Mob of the same Complexion been lately deluded and spirited up to bellow against Peers, Courtiers, and Placemen, though they might as well exclaim against any Rewards for Merit, and even against the royal Judge of it.

But they who frequent our Plays, as well as those who perform them, are fully convinced that the English Theatre was not in the least Danger; so that nothing remains for those who have not yet polled, but to consider who is the fittest Person to represent them in Parliament, Whether the Heir of a Noble Earl, descended from an antient and honourable English Family, that has one of the largest Shares of Property in the Kingdom; or a Gentleman of but a small Fortune, and of foreign Extraction,

put up merely for the Sake of Opposition.

I am, Sir, Yours fincerely.

The Covent-Garden Journal. To be published once every Month during the present Westminster Election. By Paul Wronghead, Esq;

Tuesday, Dec. 5, 1749.

Introductory Essay.

IBERTY and FREEDOM is as Tom Brown well observes in his excellent Treatise on Metaphysicks, the Birthright of every Englishman; and and this Liberty can be of little Use to any People without the Concomitancy of Freedom: And yet certain it is, that no Word is less understood, for what is Liberty, or indeed what is Freedom, where both this and that can be controul'd by Power? Is there any Man so corrupt, so bribed, so great a Friend, Patron, Protector and Champion of French Strollers as not to own that the Case of Bosavern Penlez was a Denial of all that I have here afferted. To take away the life of a Man merely because he was an Enemy to Houses of evil and bad Fame, is a Thing unknown in any Country where French Strollers have not been encouraged. Perhaps it will be faid that he was not only a Rioter, but a Thief; to which I answer; what are the French Strollers? Will any Man fay that those glorious Nations of Greece and Rome, even in their most degenerate Age, ever suffered French Strollers to come among them. It hath been a Maxim in all Countries that Nemo omnibus Horis sapit; but in Answer to which I beg Leave to observe, that French Strollers were not then the Subject Matter of Complaint. Much more might be faid, but it is unnecessary, sufficient Matter having been here laid down to warrant some Conclusions which I shall draw in my next Paper, where I intend to apply all that I have here faid to the present Election.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Rome, Dec. 7, N. S. Yesterday arrived here one of the Independent Electors of Westminster, and had in immediate Audience of his Holiness the Pope. What his Advices were is yet a Secret.

Paris, Dec. 10, N. S. A Cabinet Council was held here this Morning, the Refult of which has not as yet transpired. Mean while the Friends of a certain Adventurer appear more brisk than ever.

Our last Advices from England affore us that the young Chevalier was lately seen near Covent-Garden, where he drank a Health to King George, and to the Protestants Establishment. Actions are risen very considerably within these sew Days.

Amsterdam, Dec. 9, N. S. Yesterday sailed the Vanderporten, of this Place, with two hundred of the Netherland Independents, who intend to vote at the Westmirster Election, as Inhabitants of St.

Martin's and Clement's.

HOME AFFAIRS.

London, Dec. 4. We are credibly inform'd that Sir G. V. has not as yet given up the Election in Favour of Lord Trentham; but on the contrary a Subscription is now actually opening in the Fleet to carry on the Poll.—— The following Letter to Sir G. from thence will not, we hope, be unacceptable to our Readers.

Fleet-Prison, Dec. 3, 1749.

Most Worthy Sir,

T is with the utmost Uneasiness that we hear the French Strollers are like to have a Majority in Covent-Garden; it is our Misfortune as well as yours that the ending of the Term has put it out of our Powers to attend you in Person; but we most heartily intreat you to hold out a Day or two longer, and by that Time a Supply of Money will be fent from the Friends of Liberty in this Place. If a Scrutiny should be necessary, we may perhaps contribute a little to that too -- So pray, most worthy Sir, hold up your Head, for the Honour of Old England and the Independent Electors. - We are with all imaginable Respect, &c .- P. S. Pray fend us Word how your Cold does, and whether you go on huzzaing as if you had a Majority. It

Officers have maintained so intire an impartiality on one Side during the whole Election, that the Friends on the other have scarce been able to get to the Place of Poll.

We hear that on Saturday last, Sir G. V. had a very considerable Majority among all those Electors who might be rather said to have Voices than Votes, and it is remark'd that the worshipful Company of Black-Shoe Boys have been unanimous on his Side at this Election.

Yesterday a large Gang of Pick-pockets in the true Interest of their Country, met according to Desire, at the Cross Keys and Rummer; whence after drinking the proper Health, they proceeded immediately to the Place of Poll: where, we are assured, they made a considerable Booty; some Part of which they have since generously subscribed towards the farther Continuance of the Election.

The two following authentic Stories may perhaps divert our Readers.

A Barber, who was very strongly in the Interest of Sir G. V. had a Debt due to him of three Pounds from an Independent Elector, which he thought dangerous, and was therefore willing to embrace the present Opportunity of getting his Money; he went to the Independent and told him he would not vote for Sir G. unless his Bill was paid; the Independent immediately apply'd for this Sum to the Fund raised for carrying on a free and uncorrupt Election, but the said Fund happen'd to be exhausted some Days before; upon this, neither of them has since poll'd, and we are well assured, whoever will advance three Pounds may have them both.

A Lamp-Lighter of St. Clement's met with a Chimney-Sweeper of St. John's, and alk'd him who he voted for—The Chimney-Sweeper answer'd for

Lord Trentham—For my Lord Trentham! fays the Lamp-Lighter, why it was he that brought in the French Players—and they fay there's a Subfcription on Foot for bringing in French Chimney-Sweepers too.— Is there by G—d, fays the Chimney-Sweeper? I have no Vote —Nor I neither, fays the Lamp-Lighter.— But d—n me, we'll poll.— And so they did in Favour of Sir G—.

The following was fent us by a Correspondent.

To the Author of the Covent-Garden Journal.

Sir.

Notwithstanding all that Lord Trentham has declared relating to his Lordship's Behaviour at the French Playhouse, I think myself obliged to communicate, by the Means of your Paper, what I know of that Affair. His Lordship was actually there the first Night, notwithstanding he declares upon his Honour that he did not draw his Sword. -Now for a Nobleman to draw his Sword in the Defence of a Parcel of French Strollers, is a Thing I believe that no Englishman will approve of.—Or if his Lordship did not draw his Sword, it does not follow that my Lord did right to draw it; for to draw his Sword upon his own Electors, whether he did or not, ought to be referted. - This is really the Fact, and if you will give it a Place in your Paper, you will oblige

An Independent Elector.

Prices of Subscription.

Poll Subscription, Books shut. Scrutiny Subscription, considerably under Par. Fleet Subscription 5 l. 4 s. 7d 1-4. Pickpocket Subscription, one Pinchbeck Watch and thirteen Handkerchiefs. Independent Subscription, no Price.

This

This Day exactly at Three it will be very low Water at the Crofs-Keys.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Friends of Sir G Vandeput are defined to meet as usual this Day, if the Houses are not shut up; when they may drink what Health they please—Glorious Opportunity!

N. B. Any Independent Elector who is willing to encourage this Paper may advertise in it Gratis.

To the worthy Electors of Westminster.

T feems by some late Papers and Advertisements that the chufing of a certain Lord your Representative in Parliament is the only firm Establishment of the Liberties of this Country, and the protestant Succession. Undoubtedly those who are introducing French Strollers are real Englishmen and true Friends of their native Country; those who fend terrifying Letters and Messages to honest Tradesmen, with Lifts of the Persons by whom they are employed, menacing the Loss of their Custom. Those who threaten to turn the worthy Electors naked into the Street, or compel them to pay double Rent, if they presume to vote according to their Conscience: Such Men are Friends to Liberry. Those who have raked up all the Papists in the City of Westminster, and polled till they were stopped by the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy: Such Men are Friends to the Protestant Religion. Those who had a Foot in the Stirrup in 1715, and have ever fince been opposing the Persons of his late and prefent Majesty with the utmost Bitterness, Rancour and Malevolence 'till they were bought off by Places to repair their shattered Fortunes which they had spent in supporting the Cause of the Pretender: Such Men are sincere Friends to his Majesty and the protestant Succession.

For these Friends of their Country, of Liberty, of the Protestant Religion, of His Majesty King George, and the protestant Succession, you are desired, Gentlemen, to continue the noble Spirit you have bitherto exerted.

The Election Daily Advertiser.

THURSDAY, December 7, 1749.

Hereas, many People pawn their Virtue, Honour, and Integrity, (particularly at this Time) and are not able to redeem the same; such persons are hereby inform'd, that on enquiring for P--1W---d, Esq. on Ludgate-Hill, they may have them redeem'd. Any of the above Goods are bought, and money lent on Promises, Affidavits, &c. near the full Value, for a certain Time agreed on. Removed from the condemn'd Hole in Newgate.

modw yd anolw A N .T LEd D, member T

Upon undeniable Security,

A Seat in the H. of Commons. Whoever has fuch a place to dispose of, may hear of a Purchaser, by applying to the Master of the Cross Keys and Rummer.

Note. None but Principlals will be treated with.

Do Rolo P. P. D.

From a Gentleman's.— Tongue, certain difrespectful Words in regard to a certain Bart, of great Merit, Beauty and Fortune. Whoever will bring the Original Proprietor of the said Words to the Bar of the Cross Keys, in Henrietta-Street, shall have four Bottles of Claret Reward, and Questions ask'd.

This is to inform the PUBLICK,

French Vagration C. D . J.

A Majority in a certain Election; supposed to be lost between St. Margaret's and St. John's West-minster.

Enquire for further Particulars at the Pillar in Govent-Garden Porch, No 147.

To be SOLD Cheap.

A few Copies of Manners, a Satire, together with a Burlesque on the Creed, &c.

Being the remaining Stock of P-l W-d, Efq; who is going to leave off Trade.

This Day is Publish'd.

V—t for Ever; or, Freedom and Independency; wherein the Prudence, Learning, and good Sense of the common People, vulgarly call'd Mob, will be sufficiently shewn and illustrated. Together with an Eulogium on Dutch Mobs, from De Witt, and other eminent Writers.

Also by the same Hand.

now

(36)

now living in the Parishes of St. Clement's, and St. Martin's le Grand.

By Philarithmus, M. D. F. R. S. and Printed for E. Curl, deceased with

Where also may be had,

1. Britain disturb'd: or, on Invasion from French Vagrants.

2. A Defence of the Dutch, &carrola M A

The Grand Specific Historic PILLS.

Necessary for all desponding Electors, Screting Subscribers, dependent Independents, Screting

To be had at the old Shop in Henrietta-Street, at 15. 6d. the Bottle. Also the Aurum Potabile;

N. B. Beware of Counterfeits, for fuch are

going to leave of Trade.

HIS Day Proclamation was made, and the Poll was closed. Upon the State of the Poll, from the commencing of it, Lord Trentbam had 15" Majority; but Council being heard on both Sides, a Scrutiny was demanded, and adjourned to the 26th of this Instant, to be held in St. Anne's Vestry-Room.

Alfo by the fame Man?

An Estay on Multiplication, wherein it will be incontestably for I. What M. n., like whele furprishing Creatures call'd Polyper's, may be cut into 5, or so, or more Pieces, and each Piece become a perfect Animal; as in examplify'd in the Case of several Vetets for the present W.—— Esteviors.

